TSUNAMI VICTIMS IN ACEH PTSD.

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ABSTRACT:

In the week of December 26, 2004, NAD was startled by a very powerful tectonic earthquake that accompanied the tsunami tidal wave. This tectonic earthquakes occur with strength 6.8 Richter scale in the week, at 7:59 pm. Tens of thousands of people died of sea water swept away, hundreds of thousands of homes were destroyed, and hundreds of billions in material losses suffered by the people. Because it is very natural that we grieve for the occurrence of such disasters. Lots of losses caused by the tsunami, whether or concerns about the property from the victims of physical and psychic. One of them is a deep trauma that emerged after the event, or known as PTSD. According Neugebaeur (in Fendt, 1999), PTSD is a fairly heavy stress occurs after a terrifying event such as war, natural disasters, rape, fires and accidents that will cause traumatic for nearly all who experienced it. The subjects of this study consisted of two people one person who suffered PTSD as a research subject and one other person is Significant Other. The research approach used in this study is a qualitative approach, in which method is used observation and interviews. Observation was done on the subject of work and home while the interview subjects in the working place the subject in writers choose the kind observation Systematic observation. This type of observation is selected, so that authors can interact and gather data directly from the subject while doing interviews authors use this type of interview General Interview Guide Approach (interview with general guidelines). Previously the author has prepared these guidelines can be changed according to time of the interview.